

TRẮC NGHIỆM TIẾNG ANH 10 UNIT 10: ECOTOURISM

Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has the underlined part different from others.

Câu 1.

- A. adapt
- B. floraa
- C. faunaa
- D. impacta

Câu 2.

- A. discharge
- B. biosphere
- C. tourism
- D. independent

Câu 3.

- A. reserve
- B. sustain
- C. discharge
- D. submarine

Câu 4.

- A. exotic
- B. ecology
- C. reserve
- D. entertain

Câu 5.

- A. ecology
- B. guide
- C. government
- D. groom

Câu 6.

- A. tour
- B. your

FSCHOOL

- C. pour
- D. four

Câu 7.

- A. biosphere
- B. postcard
- C. flora
- D. ecotourism

Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has different stress pattern from others.

Câu 8.

- A. discharge
- B. bulky
- C. impact
- D. friendly

Câu 9.

- A. adapt
- B. discharge
- C. fauna
- D. sustain

Câu 10.

- A. entertain
- B. biosphere
- C. pesticide
- D. chemical

Câu 11.

- A. exotic
- B. depletion
- C. article
- D. aquatic

Câu 12.

- A. impact
- B. adapt
- C. collapse



D. discharge

Câu 13.

- A. ecology
- B. biology
- C. sustainable
- D. reservation

Câu 14.

- A. tourist
- B. journey
- C. ticket
- D. affect

Câu 15.

- A. agent
- B. gender
- C. travel
- D. confuse

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the sentences

Câu 16. If they go to the disco, they _____ to loud music.

- A. listen
- B. are listen
- C. listened
- D. would listen

Câu 17. I'll phone as soon as I _____ to London.

- A. make
- B. get
- C. reach
- D. got

Câu 18. We decided _____ on a ecotourism tour this summer.

- A. go
- B. goes
- C. went
- D. to go

Câu 19. You _____ yourself ill if you don't eat properly.

- A. were to make
- B. make
- C. would make
- D. will make

Câu 20. I gave up the job _____ the attractive salary.

- A. because
- B. because of
- C. although
- D. despite

Câu 21. _____ you like to see my postcards collection?

- A. will
- B. would
- C. do
- D. have

Câu 22. If I were offered the job, I think I _____ it.

- A. take
- B. will take
- C. would take
- D. would have taken

Câu 23. If you don't keep silent, you _____ wake the baby up.

- A. will
- B. would
- C. had
- D. can

Câu 24. The electrical appliances you buy should be _____.

- A. eco-friendly
- B. exotic
- C. entertaining
- D. unsustainable

Câu 25. I'd rather you _____ a noise last night; I couldn't get to sleep.

- A. hadn't made
- B. wouldn't take
- C. didn't take
- D. haven't made

Câu 26. The _____ of the family home following the divorce was a great shock to the children.

- A. break - down
- B. break - in
- C. break - up
- D. break - out

Câu 27. This exercise is very boring. I wish the teacher _____ us some more interesting things to do.

- A. gave
- B. would give
- C. had given
- D. will give

Câu 28. _____ more help, I could call my neighbour.

- A. Should I need
- B. Needed
- C. I have needed
- D. I should need

Câu 29. We should replace fossil fuels _____ other renewable fuels such as water, sun, etc.

- A. for
- B. of
- C. with
- D. on

Câu 30. _____ my father is old, he still goes jogging.

- A. Although
- B. Because
- C. So that
- D. Despite

Read the passage below and decide whether the statements are TRUE or FALSE?

According to the Academic Ranking of World Universities, more than 30 of the highest-ranked 45 institutions are in the United States, as measured by awards and research output. Public universities, private universities, liberal arts colleges, and community colleges

all have a significant role in higher education in the United States. An even stronger pattern is shown by the Webometrics Ranking of World Universities with 103 US universities in the World's Top 200 universities.

The 2006 American Community Survey conducted by the United States Census Bureau found that 19.5 percent of the population had attended college but had no degree, 7.4 percent held an associate's degree, 17.1 percent held a bachelor's degree, and 9.9 percent held a graduate or professional degree.

Educational attainment in the United States is similar to that of other developed countries. Colleges and universities in the U.S. vary in terms of goals: some may emphasize a vocational, business, engineering, or technical curriculum while others may emphasize a liberal arts curriculum. Many combine some or all of the above. Students can apply to some colleges using the Common Application. There is no limit to the number of colleges or universities to which a student may apply, though an application must be submitted for each.

Câu 31. Question: More than 30 of the highest-ranked 45 institutions are in the United States, as measured by awards and research output.

- A. True
- B. False

Câu 32. Question: The Webometrics Ranking of World Universities with 100 US universities in the World's Top 200 universities.

- A. True
- B. False

Câu 33. Question: 20 percent of the population had attended college but had no degree.

- A. True
- B. False

Câu 34. Question: Educational attainment in the United States is similar to that of other developed countries.

- A. True
- B. False

Câu 35. Question: Colleges and universities in the U.S. similar in terms of goals

- A. True

B. False

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the passage below

The Internet was born (6) _____ scientists attempted to connect the American Defence Network to other satellite networks in (7) _____ to exchange information. Soon, scientific and educational institutions as well as research departments became interested (8) _____ linking up, and, before long, the Internet had expanded into an international information and communication network.

The Internet now (9) _____ all the countries in the world. You can be connected to the Internet directly through your own computer or you can hook up to (10) _____ access system which allows you to use some of the Internet's services.

Câu 36. Question 6:

- A. what
- B. where
- C. when
- D. who

Câu 37. Question 7:

- A. in view
- B. in order
- C. in regard
- D. in as

Câu 38. Question 8:

- A. in
- B. on
- C. of
- D. with

Câu 39. Question 9:

- A. lies
- B. comes
- C. spreads
- D. prays

Câu 40. Question 10:

- A. a
- B. an
- C. the
- D. x

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to answer these following questions

Most of us are interested in one kind of sport or another, even if we don't go in for it actively. Lots of people take up a particular sport at an early age, for example tennis, skiing, or ice-skating. If they get up to a suitably high standard, they may go in for local competitions or even championships. But special training is hard work and most young people don't keep it up. Many of them opt out when they come up against tough competition.

To become a professional in any sport, you have to go through with a strict training schedule. And it's not easy! It means doing without some of life's little pleasures, too. For example, to build up your physical strength you may have to stick to a special diet and give up some of your favorite foods. Smoking and alcohol are out, and to keep fit you have to work out regularly every day.

Sometimes it all pays off, but the road to success is long and there are no guarantees. No wonder that countless young talents decide to settle for a regular job instead, and, as far as professional sport is concerned, for looking on as spectators.

Câu 41. Question : The term of "go in for" in the passage means _____

- A. give up
- B. participate in
- C. begin
- D. like

Câu 42. Question : According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE about special training?

- A. It is not easy work.
- B. It hardly works.
- C. Most young people try to work out regularly
- D. Most young people strictly follows a special diet

Câu 43. Question: The word "opt out" in the passage means _____

- A. struggle
- B. fight
- C. give up
- D. change

Câu 44. Question: To become professional in any sports, your strict training schedule would probably involve _____

- A. enjoying all life's pleasures
- B. eating all kinds of foods
- C. sticking to a special diet
- D. smoking and drinking alcohol

Câu 45. Question: According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?

- A. Few people take up a particular sport at an early age.
- B. The road to success in sports is long but there are guarantees.
- C. All of the people who play some sports can go in for local competitions or even championships.
- D. There are many young talents who decide to settle for a regular job.

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the sentences with given words

Câu 46. I/ make/ friends/ foreigner/ in/ chat room.

- A. I made friends with a foreigner in a chat room.
- B. I am making friends with foreigner in a chat room.
- C. I was made friends with a foreigner in a chat room.
- D. I have made friends with foreigner in a chat room.

Câu 47. Cultural differences/ can/ seen/ in/ conversation/ between/ people/ different countries.

- A. Cultural differences can seen in conversation between people to different countries.
- B. Cultural differences can seen in conversation between people on different countries.
- C. Cultural differences can be seen in conversation between people from different countries.
- D. Cultural differences can be seen in conversation between people for different countries.

Câu 48. Learn/ English/ help/ us/ get over/ the/ language barriers.

- A. Learn English helps us get over the language barriers.
- B. Learning English helps us get over the language barriers.

- C. To Learn English helps us get over the language barriers.
- D. Learnt English helps us get over the language barriers.

Câu 49. Have/ you/ ever/ attend/ video conference?

- A. Have you ever attended a video conference?
- B. Have you ever attending a video conference?
- C. Have you ever attend a video conference?
- D. Have you ever attends a video conference?

Câu 50. Thanks/ social networks, we/ can/ connect/ each other/ easily.

- A. Thanks social networks, we can connect to each other easily.
- B. Thanks social networks, we can to connect to each other easily.
- C. Thanks to social networks, we can to connect to each other easily.
- D. Thanks to social networks, we can connect to each other easily

Rearrange the sentences to make meaningful sentences

Câu 51. late/go/now/home/should/you/ it's/and

- A. It's you should go late and home now.
- B. It's late you and should go home now.
- C. It's late and you should go home now.
- D. It's should go home and you late now

Câu 52. give/the present/tomorrow/we/him/will

- A. We will tomorrow give hime present the..
- B. We will tomorrow give hime present the.
- C. Tomorrow we give will hime the present.
- D. Tomorrow we will give the present him.

Câu 53. have/at the station/her/we/just met

- A. We just have met her at the station.
- B. We have just met her at the station.
- C. We have met just her at the station.
- D. We have just her met at the station.

Câu 54. he/unhealthy/was/last week/./he/in hospital/looks

- A. He unhealthy. He was looks in hospital last week.
- B. He unhealthy. He was looks in hospital last week.
- C. He looks unhealthy. He was in hospital last week.

D. He looks unhealthy. He was hospital in last week.

Câu 55. weeks/in France/spend/I/will/next year/my holiday/for two

- A. Next year I spend will my holiday in France for 2 weeks.
- B. Next year I will spend in France my holiday for 2 weeks.
- C. Next year I will spend for 2 weeks my holiday in Franc
- D. Next year I will spend my holiday in France for 2 weeks.

Rewrite sentences without changing the meaning

Câu 56. Mike graduated with a good degree. However, he joined the ranks of the unemployed.

- A. Mike joined ranks of the unemployed because he graduated with a good degree.
- B. If Mike graduated with a good degree, he would joined the ranks of the unemployed.
- C. Although Mike graduated with a good degree, he joined the ranks of the unemployed.
- D. That Mike graduated with a good degree helped him joined the ranks of the unemployed.

Câu 57. Ann always keeps up with the latest fashions. She works for a famous fashion house.

- A. Ann always keeps up with the latest fashions so as not to work for a famous fashion house.
- B. Ann works for a famous fashion house, so she always keeps up with the latest fashions.
- C. Not working for a famous fashion house, Ann always keeps up with the latest fashions.
- D. Despite working for a famous fashion house, Ann hardly keeps up with the latest fashions.

Câu 58. They drove fifteen miles off the main road. Also, they had nothing to eat for the day.

- A. Driving fifteen miles off the main road, they eventually had nothing to eat for the day.
- B. Driving fifteen miles off the main road, they eventually had nothing to eat for the day.
- C. They neither drove fifteen miles off the main road nor had anything to eat for the day.
- D. They drove fifteen miles off the main road until they had something to eat for the day.

Câu 59. Put your coat on. You will get cold.

- A. You will not get cold unless you put your coat on.
- B. Put your coat on, otherwise you will get cold
- C. It is not until you put your coat on that you will get cold
- D. You will not only put your but coat on but also get cold.

Câu 60. Rewrite sentences without changing the meaning**Everyone was watching the little dog. They were greatly amused at it.**

- A. Everyone felt great and amused when the little was watching them.
 B. The little dog was watching everyone with great amusement.
 C. Everyone was greatly amused at the little dog they were watching.
 D. The little dog was greatly amused by the way everyone was watching it.

ĐÁP ÁN TRẮC NGHIỆM TIẾNG ANH 10 UNIT 10: ECOTOURISM

Câu	Đáp án	Câu	Đáp án
Câu 1	D	Câu 31	A
Câu 2	B	Câu 32	B
Câu 3	A	Câu 33	B
Câu 4	D	Câu 34	A
Câu 5	A	Câu 35	B
Câu 6	A	Câu 36	C
Câu 7	C	Câu 37	B
Câu 8	A	Câu 38	A
Câu 9	C	Câu 39	C
Câu 10	D	Câu 40	B
Câu 11	C	Câu 41	B
Câu 12	A	Câu 42	A
Câu 13	D	Câu 43	C
Câu 14	D	Câu 44	C
Câu 15	D	Câu 45	D
Câu 16	A	Câu 46	A
Câu 17	B	Câu 47	C

Câu 18	D	Câu 48	B
Câu 19	D	Câu 49	A
Câu 20	D	Câu 50	D
Câu 21	B	Câu 51	C
Câu 22	C	Câu 52	A
Câu 23	A	Câu 53	B
Câu 24	A	Câu 54	C
Câu 25	C	Câu 55	D
Câu 26	C	Câu 56	C
Câu 27	A	Câu 57	C
Câu 28	A	Câu 58	A
Câu 29	C	Câu 59	B
Câu 30	A	Câu 60	A