## BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO ĐỀ THỊ CHÍNH THỨC

(Đề thi có 04 trang)

## KÝ THI TỐT NGHIỆP TRUNG HỌC PHÓ THÔNG NĂM 2023 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kế thời gian phát đề

	Họ, tên thí sinh: Số báo danh:			Mã đề thi 404
1				wer to each of the following
	Question 1: She ran out of	money It would take her a	long time to her	financial difficulty.
1	A. get up	B. go out	Cheet over	D. go off
1	A. get up Question 2: It's difficult	us to go out because o	the bad weather.	
1	A. on	B. towards	C. to	D.Yor
1	Question 3: Vietnam has be	come an attractive tourist	destination in Asi	ia.
1	A. an Question 4: Many people _	B) Ø (no article)	C. the	D. a
V	Question 4: Many people _	in the park when it s	started to rain.	D. are walking ublished in the next issue of
1	A. walk	(B) were walking	C. have walked	D. are walking
V	Question 5: The monitor of	our class is talking about	having a newpt	oblished in the next issue of
	the school duffeth.			^
2	Ouestion 6: Refore you de	cide to buy that house it	is important that you sho	Darticle ould inspect it carefully. It's
!	unwise to buy a pig	cide to buy that house, it	is important that you one	
7	A. in a pack	B) in a poke	C. in a nudge	D. in a wheel
V	Question 7: They are raisin	g funds for homeless childre	en, ?	
1	Question 7: They are raisin A are they	B. do they	Charen't they	D. don't they
$\sqrt{}$	Quarties Q. My cictor wants	e a second foreign l	anguage while she is study	ring at school.
1	A. learn	(B) to learn	C. learned	D. to learning
V	Question 9: a big 1	fine for speeding, the driver	r felt very sorry thinking	if only he had followed the
	traffic rules.	D Having sings	Acium	D Giving
0	A. lo give Question 10: It is unusual f	B. Having given	nower to his middle	managers to make financial
	decisions for the company.	or the general director to	power to his initiate	managers to make manufacture.
	A authorise	B. terminate	C navigate	D. delegate
/	Question 11: Giang is 1.51			
•	A older than	B. taller than	C. younger than	(D) shorter than
./	Question 12: The Browns a			
V	A. doing	B) making	C. mixing	D. taking
/	Question 13: Although my	little daughter has been l	learning English for thre	e months, she can
1	confidently with foreigners.	ntic daughter has been i	louining English for the	mondis, she can
	(A) communicate	B. communication	C. communicative	D. communicatively
/	Question 14: We will delive		'S	
	A. as soon as we had come		B. as soon as we were co	ming back home
	C) as soon as we come bac		D. as soon as we came ba	
/		in the singing contest last m	nonth, but I was unable to	mended in the land
V	A. encouraged	B. encourages	(C) was encouraged	D. was encouraging
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or	The state of the s		OSEST in meaning to the
1	underlined word in each of			
1/	Question 16: My younger si		erseas, so she intends to l	earn English intensively for
	a scholarship.		_	
1	A. quits	B. leaves	(C) plans	D. moves
/	Ouestion 17: Having worke	d on his short story for half	a year, the writer was fina	ally able to portray the full
	beauty of his homeland.	9		
	A. collect	(B) describe	C. gather	D. enter
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer sheet to	indicate the word(s) OPI	POSITE in meaning to the
1	underlined word(s) in each	of the following questions.		
/	Question 18: The singer wa	s given a lot of flowers for	her incredible performan	ce.
	A. delightful	Bhorrible	C. wonderful	D. exciting

1			LICH	i i willit		
	Question 19: I think you owe Henry	nd kind	t you said to him yesterday C. fair and unkind	was really below the belt.  D. fair and cruel		
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your the other three in pronunciation in ed	answer sheet to ach of the follow	indicate the word whose using questions.	underlined part differs from		
/	Question 20: (A)chemist	B. chicken	C. chairman	D. children		
/	Question 21: A. south	B. count	C) group	D. ground		
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your	r answer sheet to		ffers from the other three in		
1	the position of stress in each of the fo	ollowing question	18.	,		
1		B. charity	C. company	D. manager		
/	Question 23: A. avoid	B. agree	C. remain	(D)hurry		
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on yo	ur answer sheet	to indicate the sentence	that best completes each of		
	the following exchanges.					
	Ouestion 24: David is in a restaurant					
	- David: " ?"					
	- The waitress: "Here you are."					
	A. Can I wait for my friend here		B. Can I pay in cash her	re		
1	C Can I have the menu, please		D. Can I speak Korean	here		
	Question 25: Lan and Giang are disc	ussing lifelong le	arning.			
	- Lan: "I think students should develo					
	- Giang: " It helps them update	te their knowledg	e and skills by themselves	**		
	A. That's not a good idea		B. I don't think it's a go	od idea		
	C.I quite agree with you		D. I quite disagree with	you		
	Read the following passage and man	rk the letter A, B	, C, or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the correct		
	word or phrase that best fits each of	the numbered b	lanks from 26 to 30.			
	People have been recording info	ormation in the fo	orm of writing since ancien	at times. Latin – the language		
	of religion, and French - the language	ge of the rich and	powerful, were the prefer	arment although historians		
	Ages in Europe. Subjects were usually connected to religion, trade and government although historians have also come across love letters which (26) people wrote to stay in touch. After the invention of					
	the printing press, books and docum	vnich (20)	dily (27) This too	gether with improvements in		
	education and the spread of postal se	ervices permitted	families and friends to (2	(8) messages to each		
	other by letters. Maintaining contact	was much easier	than it had ever been.			
	In recent years, though, everyth	ing has changed.	Mobile phones, emails an	d text messages (29)		
	have been increasingly popular are	replacing letters	s. Why bother writing a l	etter when you can make a		
	small talk on the phone for very litt	le cost? (30)	, most people would a	agree that there is something		
	very special about receiving a handw	vritten letter.				
	very special accuracy			(Adapted from High Note)		
/	Onestian 26. A another	B. every	© many	D. each		
	Question 26: A. another	B. constant	C. vacant			
/	Question 27: (A) available			D. occupied		
)	Question 28: A. transform	B. lengthen	C. expand	(D) convey		
/	Question 29: A. when	B) which	C. who	D. where		
/	Question 30: A. Moreover	B. Although	C. However	D. Because		
	Read the following passage and ma		, C, or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the correct		
	answer to each of the questions from					
	1 The Japanese love inventing an	d they are very	good at it. But there is on	e inventor who has invented		
	more things than anyone else in Japa	ın – Dr. Nakamat	s. He has designed over 4	,000 new inventions over the		
	last fifty years. He is most well-know	vn for his unusua	inventions.	van and nation than shops		
	He designed many strange thing	s such as glasses	s which look like eyes so	you can't notice them, shoes		
	which have steel springs so that you	can jump in ui	em, and a philow which s	stops you from failing asteep		
	when you are driving.  7 How does he come up with the	an idana? Un fir	ade listening to Reethove	n helpful But the thing that		
	makes him most creative is holding	his breath under	water He dives into his su	wimming pool every day and		
	ctore underwater ac long ac he con I	He believes that	less oxygen in the brain is	good for new ideas. He also		
	dives with a pencil and a notebook v	which he invente	d. (He needs to write down	his ideas immediately in the		
	water because they disappear quickly	v. )	A STATE OF S			
	Tracer occasion they aloupped quient	1. 1				

	In the plans to live until he is 144 years old, so he still has plenty of time to develop even more
	new ideas. (Adapted from Get Ahead)
V	Ouestion 31: The passage is mainly about
	A famous Japanese scientists and their more inventions
	B a famous Japanese scientist and his strange inventions
	C. Japanese famous inventions by a scientist Strange
	D inventions by famous Japanese inventors
1	Ouestion 32: The word it in paragraph 1 refers to
V	(A) inventing B. invention C. notebook D. Japan
1	Question 33: According to paragraph 2, Dr. Nakamats invented all of the following EXCEPT
V	A. shoes / B. a book C. glasses / D. a pillow /
V	Question 34: Dr. Nakamats dives with a pencil and a notebook because
	A. he wants to get oxygen quickly  B. he can drive more carefully
1	C. he can dive more quickly  D he wants to write down his ideas immediately
V	Question 35: The word enhance in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to  A decrease  B. reduce  C. divide  D improve
	Thi decision
	Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct
	answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.
	Action movies are exciting and a lot of fun to watch, but they also involve scenes of great risk and
37	danger. In the language of filmmaking, dangerous actions are called stunts. Who performs these stunts? This work is too dangerous for regular actors. Movie companies usually hire special stunt people to stand in for
	the actors in scenes that are unsafe.
	Movie producers don't like to let actors do their own stunt work. If the actors injure themselves, it can
	delay the production schedule. Using stunt people also saves time. Most stunt people have years of
38	experience, which enables them to perform their stunts with a minimum of risk. It would take too long to
	train the actors to perform dangerous scenes safely.
	3 Some people who love the thrill of dangerous sports such as skydiving or rock climbing think it would
39	be easy to work as a stunt person. But it isn't enough to be a risk-taker. Stunt performers also have to know
	what to do if anything goes wrong.
40	In addition to risk-taking and meticulous attention to detail and planning, stunt work requires being in
	ton physical condition. Although there are a few training programmes for stunt performers, most provide only
	an overview of the profession. Normally, the people who attend these programmes already have experience in
	dangerous sports, rescue work, or the military. So the best way to prepare for a career in stunt work is to train
	in an area that involves strong physical conditioning and has an element of physical danger.
	5 Modern filmmaking techniques have changed the way some dangerous scenes are filmed. For example,
GI	computer-generated images make it possible to show stunts that would be too dangerous or expensive for
	real stunt people to perform. Computer-generated images are often used today to create big fight scenes, car
	crashes, and explosions. However, they are not always the best choice. Many audiences want to see real
	people perform actual stunts. Also, the rising popularity of made-for-TV movies around the world ensures
	that there is still plenty for stunt people in the film industry.  (Adapted from Strategic Reading)
1	
1/	Question 36: Which of the following statements best expresses the main idea of the passage?
	(A.) Stunt work is dangerous and needs to be performed by skilled and strong people.
	Movie companies use technology for stunts instead of stunt performers.
	Action movies sometimes comprise non-dangerous work undertaken by the supporting cast.
1	D. Stunt people have to be physically fit to perform dangerous actions.
V	Question 37: In the language of filmmaking, stunts are  A switting record C action movies  C action movies
1	A. exciting scenes B. regular actors C. action movies D dangerous actions
1	Question 38: The word them in paragraph 2 refers to  C. movie producers  D. movie scenes
- 3	Astunt people B. movie actors C. movie producers D. movie scenes
1/	Question 39: The word thrill in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to
	A. consequence B. convenience C. excitement
V	Question 40: The word meticulous in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to
	A useful D homeful (C/careIIII)
	Trang 3/4 - Mã đề thi 404

/	Question 41: Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?
	(A) Movie stunts are often performed by the main actors.
	B. Stunt people are hired mostly to undertake dangerous scenes.
	C. Stunt performers normally have certain experience in related fields.
1	D. Stunts need to be performed with great care.
/	Question 42: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?
	Audiences prefer computer-generated images to stunts performed by real people.
	B. Film directors can take advantage of TV scenes in their movies.
	C. Stunts play an indispensable role in the success of made-for-TV movies.
	D. Modern technology may assist in reducing the cost of film production.
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to
1	each of the following questions.
	Question 43: "I helped the little boy cross the road," said the man.
	The man said he would help the little boy cross the road.
	B. The man said he helped the little boy cross the road.
	The man said I helped the little boy cross the road.
	The man said he had helped the little boy cross the road.
	Question 44: Students are not allowed to communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
	A. Students wouldn't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
	B. Students needn't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
	C. Students won't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.
	D Students mustn't communicate either by look or by voice in the exam room.  Question 45: Ted started learning Japanese five years ago.
	A) Ted has learned Japanese for five years.
	B. Ted has started learning Japanese since five years.
	C. Ted started learning Japanese when he was five years old.
	D. Ted has learned Japanese since he was five years old.
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction
	in each of the following questions.
)	Question 46: In their pioneering research, they found that the learning needs of the two groups
	A
	of learners were quite distinctive from each other, and the control group whose learning needs were
	B V
1	stronger performed better than the comparative group.
/	
	Question 47: To show others where they are from, students should wear her uniforms when going
	to and from school
	to and from school.
1	2 4 49 0 - 16 the averally told us interesting stories whenever we come to visit him
	Question 48: Our grandfather usually told us interesting stories whenever we come to visit him.
	A) tells B C D
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair
	of sentences in the following questions.
	Question 49: The Vietnamese female athlete had just finished the race. All the spectators at the stadium gave
	her a big round of applause.  A. No matter when the Vietnamese female athlete finished the race did all the spectators at the stadium give
1	
	her a big round of applause.  B. Had it not been for the big round of applause all the spectators at the stadium gave her, the Vietnamese
	female athlete couldn't have finished the race.
	Not until all the spectators at the stadium gave her a big round of applause did the Vietnamese female
	athlete finish the race.
	(D) Barely had the Vietnamese female athlete finished the race when all the spectators at the stadium gave
140	her a big round of applause.
1	Question 50: The AI apps were expensive. He couldn't afford to buy them.
	A. If the AI apps had been more expensive, he could have afforded to buy them.
	B. If the AI apps had been cheaper, he can't have afforded to buy them.
	C.If the AI apps had been cheaper, he couldn't have afforded to buy them.
	D. If the AI apps had been less expensive, he could have afforded to buy them.
	——————————————————————————————————————

V

V

V