BỘ GIÁO DỰC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 04 trang)

Kỳ THI TỐT NGHIỆP TRUNG HỌC PHÓ THÔNG NĂM 2023 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kế thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh:	***		Mã để thi 409
Số báo danh: .Q			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or L the following exchanges.	on your answer sheet	to indicate the sentence th	hat best completes each of
Question 1: Peter and Khanh	are talking about learning	g foreign languages.	
- Peter: "I think students should	ld learn two foreign langu	ages when they are at scho	ool."
- Khanh: " It helps the	em communicate with mo	re people and broaden thei	r minds."
A.I quite agree with you		B. I don't think it's a goo	
C. That's not a good idea		D. I quite disagree with y	ou
Question 2: Hong and Mike a	are in the school canteen.		
- Hong: "?"			
- Mike: "Here you are."			
A. Can you sit here		B. Can you speak Japanes	
C. Can you play basketball	So les trust and the	D.)Can you pass the salt,	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or I underlined word in each of the		to indicate the word	SEST in meaning to the
Question 3: Returning home A. tidy	after the earthquake, Simon Bymessy	on saw that his house was e C. neat	xtremely <u>chaotic</u> . D. organised
Question 4: My uncle dreams A. leaves	s of having a new house, s B) intends	to he <u>plans</u> to save up for it C. moves	D. quits
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D underlined word(s) in each o			OSITE in meaning to the
Question 5: I think you shoul	d apologise to Mary. Wha	it you commented on her ne	w hairstyle yesterday was
really below the belt.	Comment of the Commen		
		C. cruel and kind	D. fair and unkind
Question 6: He had some bus	siness to do in a foreign c	ountry, but his company de	nied responsibility to pay
for his expenses.	Descond	C neglected	D. avoided
A. accepted Mark the letter A, B, C, or D		C. neglected	
questions.	on your answer sneet to	indicate the correct answe	r to each of inc jonowing
Question 7: We have travelled	d to almost every tourist a	attraction in Africa.	
	B. a	C.Ø (no article)	D. the
Question 8: It is uncommon			anager to make financial
decisions for the company.		_ po	
	B. authorise	C. delegate	D. stimulate
	home when his car broke	down.	
	B. drives	C.)was driving	D. is driving
Question 10: She promised _	to my birthday part	y, but she didn't.	
	B. come	C. to coming	D. to come
Question 11: Nam is trying to	break the of stay	ing up too late.	The sharp with the same
	3. sound	C. option	D. race
Question 12: Her parents are	working on the farm,	?	
A. aren't they B	B. are they	C. do they	D. don't they
Question 13: Binh is 1.80 met	ters tall, and Linh is 1.65	meters tall. Binh is	Linh.
	3. shorter than	C. taller than	D. older than
Question 14: It's not difficult	her to go to work	because the office is near h	er home.
A. on B	3. to (C.)for	D. towards
Question 15: The foreign teach	er was speaking so fast. N	Ed Couldin	contents of his lesson.
A. call for B	B. make up	C. note down	D. go on
		T	rang 1/4 - Mã để thị 400

A. editor B. a	rticle	C. documentary	D. cartoon			
Question 17: Before you decide	to purchase that ca	ar, it is crucial that you sh	nould look into it carefully. It's			
unwise to buy a pig	n a pack	C. in a rack	D. in a poke			
Question 18: The Youth Internation	onal Conference		ple from around the world.			
		C. attends	\ /			
Question 19: Although the stude	ents in my class h	have been learning Engli	sh for three months, they can			
A. communication B. c	ommunicatively	C. communicate	D. communicative			
Question 20: We will inform you			- 4h - i-4i			
A. as soon as we were having the C. as soon as we had had the in		B. as soon as we hav				
Question 21: a job in a sm						
A. Having offered B. C			D. Offered			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D o			whose underlined part differs			
from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.						
Question 22: A. post	B. sport	C. home	D. cold			
Question 23: A. chicken	B. chairman	C. children	D. chorus			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on			differs from the other three in			
the position of stress in each of t	he following quest	tions.	01			
		C. require	(D) follow			
Question 25: A. important			D. terrific			
Read the following passage and	mark the letter A,	B, C, or D on your answ	er sheet to indicate the correct			
	word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.					
Getting work experience is a good way for young people who are still at school to see whether they						
would enjoy a particular career. Future employers like to know about their work experience (26) they think is important for them in the process of recruiting employees. And young people get the chance to						
consider (27) possibilitie	s for a future caree	er with working professio	nals. In addition, they will find			
these professionals' advice spec						
(28)						
	Work experience often involves uncomfortable situations, (29) people who are in such					
situations can learn how to beh						
workplace. Appearance is also in	nportant and they r	need to dress suitably who	ether they are going for a job as			
an engineer or an IT specialist, of medical doctor or a teacher.	or a job which is p	erhaps less technical but	equally (30), such as a			
medical doctor or a teacher.						
Question 26. Ah	Dushish		Adapted from Complete First for Schools)			
Question 26: A. where	Bwhich	C. who	D. when			
Question 27: A. none	B. each	C. many	D. one			
Question 28: A. do	B. fill	C. build	D. make			
Question 29: A. for	B. either	C.)but	D. nor			
Question 30: A. understanding	B. confusing					
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.						
Device-centred communication has become almost universal over the past twenty years. More than						
three quarters of people in the world now own a mobile device, and more than half communicate via social						
networking.		and more th	an han communicate via social			

It is now hard to imagine a world without mobile devices consisting of such things as mobile phones, laptops and tablets. They allow us to stay in touch with a large network of friends, no matter where they are. But many experts say that communicating with a device is nothing like talking with someone in person. "Body language, eye contact and tone of voice can tell us so much," psychologist Mary Peters says. "And none of those exist on a device. Even video chat removes many subtle clues."

We don't know to what extent these technologies will permanently change the way people interact. People will always want to meet up with others in small and large groups. Indeed, it is fair to say that social media makes it easier than ever before for people to organise social events. However, there is still a danger that device-centred communication may have a negative long-term impact on the way people interact with each other on a day-to-day basis.

We must not, therefore, lose sight of the need to focus on the actual people around us, and remember that they deserve our real – not virtual – attention. The idea of a culture where people always have a screen between them sounds a bit funny, because deep understanding comes when we see the reactions on other people's faces.

		(Adapted from Solutions)		
,	Question 31: The passage is mainly about .			
7	A. the development of device-centred communication			
	B the definition of device-centred communication			
	C. the impact of device-centred communication			
	D. the misunderstanding of device-centred communication			
	Question 32: The word <u>They</u> in paragraph 2 refers to	2 10 1		
		D. mobile devices		
	Question 33: In paragraph 2, in her statement about the advantages of commun Peters mentioned all of the following EXCEPT	ileating in person, wary		
	A. eye contact B. handshake C. body language	D. tone of voice		
	Question 34: The word meet up in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to	D. tolle of voice		
	A. get away B. get together C. come down	D. come away		
	Question 35: According to paragraph 4, deep understanding appears when			
	A. we interact with modern technology (B.) we see the reactions on the second			
	C. we communicate through social networking D. we care about our virtual			
	Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer she	et to indicate the correct		
	answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.			
	A recent survey into how teenagers in a Southeast Asian country spend their from			
	what some people regard as a surprising finding; many of those surveyed reporter			
	stay at home and do things indoors than go out and experience real-life adventure surveyed believed that online experiences were as fulfilling as real life, and more			
	afraid of trying new experiences. When asked about their most memorable experies			
	months, nearly 30% of boys said 'playing a new video game', while 10% of a			
	watching a new TV series. On asking for more detailed information, researchers for			
	22% of girls said they had never had a real-life adventure.	Military and the second second second		
	It would be easy to blame technological advances for these findings. After a	ll, today's teenagers have		
many more indoor activities to choose from than did their parents. About half a century ago, children were				
	expected to spend more of their free time outside. But researchers do not p	ut the blame wholly on		
	technology.			
	To members of older generations, these findings are worrying, because it is	neans that young people		
	increasingly rely on virtual reality and are consequently missing out on real of	utdoor activities such as		
	mountain climbing, kayaking, etc., which have always been regarded as both	enjoyable and character-		
	building. The surveyed adults said they thought today's youth were more protected	than they had been when		
	they were growing up. Giving examples of this protection, more than half said	they would not let their		
	teenage children hitchhike or go on holiday without an adult. Seven in ten said the	world is more dangerous		
	teenagers to get into a taxi on their own. It is not clear whether adults believe the than it used to be or whether they do not trust today's youngsters to look after them	selves		
		nbridge English First for Schools)		
		nortage English Pirst for Schools)		
	Question 36: Which of the following can be the main idea of the passage? A. Thorough research on teenagers' online games and outdoor activities			
	B Viewpoints on teenagers' free-time adventures and online games			
	C. Teenagers' free-time activity preferences and adults' concerns			
	D. Fears and tensions encountered by teenagers and adults' concerns			
	Question 37: The word <u>fulfilling</u> in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to			
	A. discouraging B. satisfying C. frightening	D. devastating		
	Question 38: The word advances in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to			
	A. advantages B. developments C. barriers	D. movements		
	Question 39: The word they in paragraph 3 refers to			
	A. young people B surveyed adults C. older generations	D. outdoor activities		

Question 40: According to paragraph 3, the older generations are worried about

A. the young's lack of indoor activities

C. the young's preferences for outdoor activities

B. the young's ignorance about virtual reality

D. the young's reliance on virtual reality

