

Question I. Choose the letter A, B, C, or D whose underlined part pronounced differently from the others. (1.0pt)

1. A. dials <u>z</u>	B. calls <u>z</u>	C. talks <u>s</u>	D. plays <u>z</u>
2. A. arranged <u>d</u>	B. wanted <u>id</u>	C. climbed <u>d</u>	D. stayed <u>d</u>
3. A. garbage <u>a:</u>	B. standard <u>ə</u>	C. solar <u>ə</u>	D. lunar <u>ə</u>
4. A. school <u>k</u>	B. child <u>ɪf</u>	C. cheese <u>ɪf</u>	D. church <u>tʃ</u>

Question II. Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to complete each of the following questions. (4.0pts)

5. Peter played basketball yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. did he **OKD (f)** B. did not he **C** didn't he **(-)** D. does he

6. English is the language **vật** **lâm** **S** is widely spoken in Singapore.  
A. who B. whom **C** which D. whose

7. Every morning, I often sit in my garden and **V** to my nightingale sing.  
A. listening B. listen C. listened **D**. listens

8. They are interested in **Ving** money for poor children in our village.  
A. save B. saving C. to save D. saved

9. If the product were not safe, we \_\_\_\_\_ it. **DK 2**  
**A** would not sell B. don't sell C. sold D. will sell

10. Marie Curie was awarded the Nobel Prize for Physics 1903. **năm**  
**A** at **B** in tháng buổi **C** on tháng + ngày **D**. with

11. Imagine someday you would live without n.  
**A** electricity (n) **B** electric (adj) **C**. electrically (adv) **D**. electrical (adj)

12. The water supply \_\_\_\_\_ by the fertilizers and the pesticides used on many farms. **passive**  
**A** will be polluted **B** is polluting **C**. pollutes **D**. will pollute

13. It was late, so we decided to **V** a taxi home.  
**A** to take **B**. taking **C**. took **D**. take

14. I can't come now \_\_\_\_\_ the children are ill, and I have to look after them.  
**A** because of th **B**. but **C** because **D**. so

15. I wish I OKD there to have a discussion with you about the project now. **uộc cho HT**  
A. am B. have been C. would be **D**. were

16. John: "What about meeting at the school gate at eight?"  
Mary: "Good! \_\_\_\_\_"  
**Hẹn gặp bạn lúc đó**  
A. Glad to see you **B**. I'll see you **C** See you then **D**. I see

17. She HT HT many new friends since she joined this English club.  
**đã** **hiểu** **HT HT** **OKD**

18. He said that he brought a new computer for his son the following day. → tomorrow  
 A. made      B. makes      C. had made      D. has made

19. The Internet is also available in the countryside, so even farmers can get access to it. → TL-D  
 A. believable      B. impossible      C. available      D. comparable  
 tin tưởng đc      bùt khả thi      có sẵn      tương đồng

20. She asked her friends to turn off the radio as she wanted to focus on her lesson. = recover  
 A. go on = continue      B. turn off tắt      C. put on mạc      D. get over vượt qua

Question III. Choose the letter A, B, C, or D which is closest in meaning to each of the following questions. (0.5pt)

21. They have tested all the machines before using. passive HT HT

A. All the machines have tested before using.  
 B. All the machines have been testing before using.  
 C. All the machines have been tested before using.  
 D. All the machines had been tested before using.

22. Do exercise regularly and you will have better health. DK1

A. If you do exercise regularly and you will have better health.  
 B. If you do exercise regularly, you will have better health.  
 C. If you did exercise regularly, you would have better health.  
 D. If you do exercise regularly, you will not have better health.

Question IV. Choose the letter A, B, C, or D that needs correction in each of the following questions. (0.75pt)

23. My sister enjoy listening to music and dancing with her friends. HT-D

= She A B C D → enjoys  
 24. Have you ever seen Mr. Philip, that is from America? → who

A B tên riêng. → tên riêng. C D → o dùng that  
 25. The children laughed happy when they saw the monkeys eating bananas. → happily  
 Ved A B adj C D (adv)

Question V. Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to fill in each of the numbered blanks. (1.25pts) Vui, có dấu phẩy

Lunar New Year, more commonly known by its shortened name Tet (26) is the most important and (27) adj holiday and festival in Viet Nam. Tet takes place from (28) first day of the first month of the Lunar calendar (around late January or early February) until at least the third day. Many Vietnamese (29) for Tet by cooking special foods and cleaning the house. There are lots of customs practicing during Tet, like visiting a person's house on the first day of the New Year, wishing New Year's greetings (30) lientu giving lucky money to children and elderly people. During Tet, Vietnamese visit their relatives and temples, forgetting about the trouble of the past year and hoping for a better upcoming year.

26. A. who      B. which      C. that      D. whom  
 27. A. popular      B. dangerous      C. difficult      D. boring      nhảm chán  
 28. A. a      B. an      C. the      D. θ

+ số thứ tự

29. A. prepare **V**

30. A. or

B. preparation **n**

B. so

C. preparative **adj**

C. but

D. preparing **Ving**

D. and

Question VI. Read the following passage and then answer the questions below. (1.0 pt)

Vietnamese peasants used to have a lot of free time after the busy crop time past, and preparing some nosh to eat is a certain result of the circumstance. Sweet potato is a prime example for the case. It is considered the most popular nosh in the countryside. Ever experience Vietnam home-staying? You must realize boiled sweet potato, cassava and peanuts are the most typically Vietnamese snacks - of course without salt or sugar added. And if you dare venture beyond the standard ones, there are surely bizarre things to try. The best place to taste purely Vietnamese snacks is to have them right in a family or on the sidewalks along every street. Tasting a fertilized egg at 4pm in a breezy afternoon may scare you, (yet it is one of the most popular snacks out here and is considered extremely nutritious.)

Besides varieties of wonderful noodle, made-of-rice cakes, bean sweet soups you may be too shy to eat a bowl of pig raw blood soups. Does it originate from Totem belief? Not many Vietnamese questions that when eating the dish. All they want to do is to choose a right restaurant and wait to be served the raw blood soups with Vietnamese spirit.

31. When do Vietnamese farmers used to have lots of free time? **after the busy crop time**  
32. What is considered the most popular nosh in the countryside? **sweet potato**  
33. What are the most typically Vietnamese snacks? **boiled sweet potato, cassava, peanuts**  
34. Can blood soups be served in restaurants? **Yes, it can be**

Question VII. Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that have the same meaning as the given ones. (1.5pts)

35. I can't answer all the questions. **wish với can → could**

=> I wish I could answer all the questions.

36. You must tell me the whole truth or I won't help you. **unless = if... not**

=> Unless you tell me the whole truth, I won't help you.

37. The last time I saw my uncle was in 1990.

=> I haven't seen my uncle since 1990. **Since + mốc t/gian**

**QKD ↔ THT**

38. My brother isn't old enough to ride a motorbike. **S + be + (not) + adj + enough + to V**

=> My brother is too young to ride a motorbike. **= S + be + too + adj + to V**

39. "Why don't you watch more English films?" **S + suggest < Ving: nêu ý tham gia cùng**

=> He suggested me (should) watch more English films. **that S + (should) + V: nêu ý ai làm gì**

40. Although he has a very important job, he isn't particularly well-paid.

=> In spite of his very important job / having a very important job, he isn't particularly well-paid.

**+n/Ving**

HẾT

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm.