

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. connected B. expressed C. reduced D. photographed  
 2. A. transfer B. contaminate C. educate D. attitude

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. provide B. product C. attend D. device  
 4. A. portable B. disposal C. endanger D. distinguish

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions:

5. His father left New York. The doctor suggested he \_\_\_\_\_ there.  
 A. not staying B. not stay C. not to stay D. doesn't stay  
 6. We had a great time in \_\_\_\_\_ USA \_\_\_\_\_ last summer.  
 A. the/∅ B. the/ a C. ∅/ the D. ∅/ ∅  
 7. Students are becoming less familiar \_\_\_\_\_ print dictionaries these days.  
 A. against B. from C. with D. for  
 8. We should use bicycles instead of cars \_\_\_\_\_ this will help reduce exhaust fumes and pollution.  
 A. so that B. because C. if D. so  
 9. He seems like a \_\_\_\_\_ businessman, but he has caused some personal scandals.  
 A. respecting B. respect C. respectably D. respectable  
 10. When I \_\_\_\_\_ him last year, I \_\_\_\_\_ him for many years.  
 A. met/ hadn't seen B. have met/ haven't seen C. met/ haven't seen D. had met/ hadn't seen  
 11. Because means of transport are cheap, they become \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. the more popular B. more popularly C. more and more popularly D. more and more popular  
 12. In the \_\_\_\_\_ agriculture, farmers try to limit the use of chemicals and fertilizers.  
 A. supportive B. preserving C. sustainable D. conserving  
 13. At this time last month, my grandparents \_\_\_\_\_ trees in the garden.  
 A. have planted B. planted C. were planting D. had planted  
 14. Incomplete \_\_\_\_\_ often gives off toxic by-products.  
 A. urbanization B. combustion C. depletion D. industrialization  
 15. Unemployment and poverty force people to \_\_\_\_\_ in anti-social activities.  
 A. oppose B. take C. include D. engage  
 16. We spend a lot of time together as a family, which sometimes is the best way to learn about \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. establishment B. habits C. activities D. customs  
 17. They understand that there are \_\_\_\_\_ job prospects for them in the city.  
 A. world-wide B. fast-growing C. well-paid D. well- treated

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

18. She was brought up in the slums of Leeds.  
 A. poor areas B. industrial areas C. downtown areas D. rural areas  
 19. For environmental safety, we need to find ways to reduce emission of fumes and smoke of factories.  
 A. leak B. release C. pollutant D. poison

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

20. The overall aim of the book is to help **bridge the gap** between theory and practice, particularly in language teaching.

A. increase the understanding

B. increase the differences

C. reduce the differences

D. construct a bridge

21. I don't believe in anything he says, he is **unreliable**.

A. irresponsible

B. unstable

C. trustworthy

D. inaccurate

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

22. Martin Luther King devoted his life to the achieve of voting right for black people

A

B

C

D

23. Their children have made lots of new friends since they have moved to that town.

A

B

C

D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

24. Daisy wants to invite her classmate, Joe, to her birthday party.

Daisy: "I am having a birthday party next Friday. Would you like to come?"

Joe: "\_\_\_\_\_. What time does it start?"

A. I can't agree with you

B. Sure, I'd love to

C. I like a party.

D. Sorry. I'm busy then.

25. Ann is talking to Mary in English class.

Ann: "May I share the book with you? I forgot mine at home." - Mary: "\_\_\_\_\_."

A. Sure. You can come and sit next to me.

B. I'm sorry, but you need to sit next to me.

C. No. Go ahead. Come over here.

D. I'd rather not. You need to sit next to me.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

26. They were busy with their schoolwork. They spent time helping the elderly in the retirement home.

A. They were busy with their schoolwork, but they still spent time helping the elderly in the retirement home.

B. They spent time helping the elderly in the retirement home, for they were busy with their schoolwork.

C. They spent time helping the elderly in the retirement home, or they were busy with their schoolwork.

D. They were busy with their schoolwork, and they spent time helping the elderly in the retirement home.

27. The substance is very toxic. Protective clothing must be worn at all times.

A. Toxic as the substance is, protective clothing must be worn at all times.

B. So toxic is the substance that protective clothing must be worn at all times.

C. Because protective clothing must be worn at all times, the substance is very toxic.

D. The substance is too toxic to wear protective clothing at all times.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

28. The bus started to leave, Charlie then realized that he was on the wrong route.

A. Not until the bus started to leave did Charlie realize that he was on the wrong route.

B. Only after Charlie realized that he was on the wrong route did the bus start to leave.

C. Before the bus started to leave, Charlie realized that he was on the wrong route.

D. After Charlie realized that he was on the wrong route, the bus started to leave.

29. Barry continued to smoke even though we had advised him to quit.

A. Barry took our advice, so he stopped smoking.

B. In spite of our advice, Barry quit smoking.

C. If we had advised Barry, he would have quit smoking.

D. Despite being told not to smoke, Barry continued to do.

30. It started to rain two hours ago.

A. It hasn't rained for two hours.

B. The last time it rained was two hours ago.

C. It has rained for two hours.

D. It's two hours since it last rained.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

At the age of 15, Phelps became the youngest American male swimmer to (31)\_\_\_\_\_ at an Olympic Games in 68 years. While he didn't win any medals at the 2000 Summer Olympics in Sydney, Australia, he would soon become a major force in (32)\_\_\_\_\_ swimming.

In the spring of 2001, Phelps set the world record in the 200-meter butterfly, becoming the youngest male swimmer in history at the age of 15 years and 9 months. At the 2001 World Championships in Japan, he then broke his own record with a time of 1:54:58, earning his first international medal. In 2002, Phelps continued to establish several records including the 100-meter butterfly and the 200-meter individual medley. The following year, (33)\_\_\_\_\_ the same event, he broke his own world record in the 400-meter individual medley with a time of 4:09.09.

After the London Olympics in 2012, Phelps announced he was retiring from his sport. (34)\_\_\_\_\_, at the 2016 Olympic Games, he came out of retirement and returned to professional competition. This was also the event which he (35)\_\_\_\_\_ one silver and five gold medals, becoming the oldest individual gold medalist in Olympic swimming history, as well as the first swimmer to win four consecutive golds in the same event, the 200-meter individual medley.

- |                    |               |                |                |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 31. A. complete    | B. deplete    | C. compete     | D. delete      |
| 32. A. competition | B. competitor | C. competitive | D. compete     |
| 33. A. with        | B. in         | C. at          | D. for         |
| 34. A. However     | B. Therefore  | C. Because     | D. Though      |
| 35. A. had won     | B. has won    | C. won         | D. was winning |

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.**

Today, text - messaging has probably become young people's most common form of communication. Some teachers think because of this, young people are not writing correctly at school. They fear that once students get used to it, they will find it hard to **switch** back to using correct grammar and spelling. How did things begin this way?

It all began with e-mail, online chat rooms, and games. Then **step by step** young people made sentences, phrases and words shorter. As text - messaging continued to become popular, people **invented** more and more words. Today, it is like a real language with its own grammar and vocabulary. The growth of text - messaging has raised an important question: As students become fluent in text - messaging, do their writing skills suffer?

People have different ideas about the effect of text - messaging on student's writing skills. Some say that students are losing the ability to write long, correct **sentences**. Others say text - messaging is having a good effect on the language students use in their schoolwork. It shows that they are creative and good at expressing themselves. And if students can keep the two systems separate - one for text - messaging and one for school - this will help students appreciate reading and writing more.

One way to reduce the bad effects of text - messaging is to find ways to use technology as a positive learning tool. For example, students can be allowed to type their assignments in a cell phone message and send **them** to their teachers, but they must type correctly. In this way, students are using the technology they are familiar with to communicate in a form of language suitable for schoolwork. It shows students that text - messaging is fine for social communication, but correct grammar and spelling are necessary for communication in school.

(Adapted from *Strategic Reading* by Richards and Eckstut-Didier)

36. The word "**them**" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- |             |                |            |           |
|-------------|----------------|------------|-----------|
| A. students | B. assignments | C. effects | D. people |
|-------------|----------------|------------|-----------|
37. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
- |  |
|--|
| A. What is Text - messaging Doing to Students's Writing?         |
| B. How have Schools Changed Technology?                          |
| C. How can Teachers Teach Text - messaging?                      |
| D. What can be done to Increase the Quality of Text - messaging? |
38. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?
- |   |
|---|
| A. Text - messaging can help students write more correctly. |
|---|

- B. Text - messaging has been accepted as an official language.
- C. Students should know how to use standard language in all circumstances.
- D. Students should know how to use text - messaging properly for their purposes.

39. The word "**invented**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. **created**                      B. described                      C. guessed                      D. explained
40. According to paragraph 3, how can text - messaging affect students' writing?
- A. Students will lose interest in their school writing.
- B. Students no longer use handwriting for their schoolwork
- C. **Students are losing the ability to write long, correct sentences.**
- D. Students are losing their creativity in writing.

.....The end.....

**TRƯỜNG THPT LÊ QUÝ ĐÔN**

**KIỂM TRA HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2023-2024**

**ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC**

**Môn: TIẾNG ANH – Lớp 12**

Thời gian: 45 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

**Full Name:** ..... **Class:** 12/ .....

**Mã đề: 160**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. **applicant**                      B. stranger                      C. educate                      D. vacancy
2. A. performed                      B. preserved                      C. **depleted**                      D. remained

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.**

3. A. chemical                      B. **contribute**                      C. digital                      D. conference
4. A. campaign                      B. **social**                      C. propose                      D. emerge

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions:**

5. As this road gets busier, it becomes \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. more dangerously                      B. more and more dangerously  
C. **more and more dangerous**                      D. the more dangerous
6. At this time last year, my younger brother \_\_\_\_\_ for a job in Ho Chi Minh city.  
A. **was looking**                      B. had looked                      C. has looked                      D. looked
7. The necessary infrastructure often cannot \_\_\_\_ fast enough to keep up with resident's needs.  
A. exceed                      B. expect                      C. excel                      D. **expand**
8. It is difficult for young people to find \_\_\_\_\_ jobs in rural areas.  
A. **well-paid**                      B. weather-beaten                      C. world-wide                      D. year-round
9. When he \_\_\_\_\_ to school, he realized that he \_\_\_\_\_ the textbook at home.  
A. had got/ had left                      B. **got/ had left**                      C. got/ has left                      D. gets/ has left
10. What \_\_\_\_\_ nice weather! Let's go for \_\_\_\_\_ picnic.  
A. **Ø/ a**                      B. a/ the                      C. Ø/ the                      D. a/ a
11. Betty gets up very early to prepare \_\_\_\_\_ work.  
A. to                      B. in                      C. **for**                      D. of
12. The \_\_\_\_\_ of mobile communication technology has had a great effect on our lives.  
A. exploitation                      B. exploration                      C. explosive                      D. **explosion**
13. The Beacon also undertakes a range of \_\_\_\_\_ fundraising activities, on behalf of organization at home and abroad.  
A. charity                      B. **charitable**                      C. charitably                      D. charitableness
14. We should keep the school air clean \_\_\_\_\_ this will improve students' concentration and help them to learn better.  
A. if                      B. so                      C. so that                      D. **because**

15. The \_\_\_\_\_ of DVDs has made watching films very convenient.  
 A. function                      B. advert                      C. **advent**                      D. application
16. \_\_\_\_\_ gases refer to all kinds of gas that can be potentially harmful to humans in certain concentrations.  
 A. **Hazardous**                      B. Certain                      C. Excessive                      D. Secure
17. The monk insisted that the tourists \_\_\_\_\_ the temple until they had removed their shoes.  
 A. don't enter                      B. not entering                      C. not to enter                      D. not enter

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

18. Each form of mass media has an important impact on society.  
 A. content                      B. pressure                      C. affection                      D. **influence**
19. The promise of jobs and prosperity pulls people to cities.  
 A. employment                      B. education                      C. **wealth**                      D. stabilization

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

20. It's no use talking to me about metaphysics, It's a closed book to me.  
 A. **a subject that I understand well**                      B. a theme that I don't like to discuss  
 C. a book that is never opened                      D. a subject that I don't understand
21. Teenagers can become addicted to social networking if they can't control they spend online.  
 A. hooked on                      B. **indifferent to**                      C. dependent on                      D. exhausted by

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

22. Although the first printed books had appeared long before in China, the term "mass  
 A    B  
 media" we use today was coined with the create of printed media.  
 C    D

23. I have made five interesting films since I have graduated from university.  
 A                      B                      C                      D

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

24. Jane had difficulty carrying her suitcase upstairs, and Mike, her friend, offered to help.  
 - Mike: "Need a hand with your suitcase, Jane?" - Jane: " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. I don't believe it.                      B. Not a chance.                      C. Well done!                      D. That's very kind of you.
25. John is talking to Daisy about her new blouse.  
 ~ John : "You really have a beautiful blouse, Daisy, I've never seen such a perfect thing on you !"  
 ~ Daisy : " \_\_\_\_\_ ."  
 A. Thanks for your gift!                      B. Thanks, That's a nice compliment.  
 C. Don't mention it.                      D. I'm sorry to hear that.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

26. The weather was so dismal. They had to cancel the picnic immediately.  
 A. In spite of the dismal weather, they had to cancel the picnic immediately.  
 B. Dismal as the weather was, they had to cancel the picnic immediately.  
 C. **So dismal was the weather that they had to cancel the picnic immediately.**  
 D. The weather was too dismal for the picnic to be canceled immediately.
27. Some foods taste good. These foods do not have many nutrients.  
 A. Some foods taste good, or they do not have many nutrients.  
 B. Some foods taste good, for they do not have many nutrients.  
 C. Some foods taste good, and they do not have many nutrients.  
 D. **Some foods taste good, but they do not have many nutrients.**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

28. Although we tried very hard, we failed in the final match.



- A. We made all our efforts so that we could gain success in the final match.
- B. If we tried very hard, we would fail in the match.
- C. Despite efforts we had made, we were able to win in the final match.
- D. In spite of all our efforts, we didn't win in the final match.

29. They began to play the guitar five years ago.

- A. It's five years since they last played the guitar.
- B. They hasn't played the guitar for five years.
- C. They has played the guitar for five years.
- D. The last time they played the guitar was five years ago.

30. Mary handed in her exam paper, she then realized that she had missed one question.

- A. Not until Mary handed in her exam paper did she realize that she had missed one question.
- B. Before Mary handed in her exam paper, she realized that she had missed one question.
- C. After Mary realized that she had missed one question, she handed in her exam paper.
- D. Only after Mary realized that she had missed one question did she hand in her exam paper.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.**

Internet of Things (IoT) is considered the third revolution of the computer, after the first revolution of bringing computing to governments and big companies and the second one to the public via PC and smartphone. IoT aims ((31))\_\_\_\_\_ baking computing power into everything else via countless tiny chips, ((32))\_\_\_\_\_ will enable them to calculate, process information and decide, by gathering and analysing troves of data about the product, process and customers. A computerised world will allow its inhabitants to quantify and analyse all manner of things that used to be intuitive and inexact. The direct market size of IoT will be \$320 billion by 2027, according to GSMA. ((33))\_\_\_\_\_ it is hard to predict the exact impact of IoT on economics, it is believed to be over \$500 billion by 2021 and \$1 trillion by 2025.

Expanding from the computer to everything else, IoT projects are found to be very fragmented. Some IoT projects are led by the government, such as smart traffic systems, to ((34))\_\_\_\_\_ waiting times or mandate the use of smart meters. Some projects are utilised in the industry with the aims to improve ((35))\_\_\_\_\_. One example is the use of advanced algorithms to predict the downtime of machines and schedule maintenance before it happens. Other IoT projects focus on consumers; one of the hot topics is the smart home, including smart speakers, smart lighting, remote-controlled appliances etc.

( Source: <<https://www.idtechex.com/en/research-article/iot-applications-great-opportunities-to-come/18577>> )

- |                     |            |                 |               |
|---------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 31. A. to           | B. at      | C. with         | D. for        |
| 32. A. that         | B. who     | C. which        | D. where      |
| 33. A. Because      | B. Due to  | C. Despite      | D. Although   |
| 34. A. reduce       | B. expand  | C. raise        | D. increase   |
| 35. A. productively | B. produce | C. productivity | D. productive |

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 31 to 35.**

Today, text - messaging has probably become young people's most common form of communication. Some teachers think because of this, young people are not writing correctly at school. They fear that once students get used to it, they will find it hard to **switch** back to using correct grammar and spelling. How did things begin this way?

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(Adapted from *Strategic Reading* by Richards and Eckstut-Didier)

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A. guessed                      B. described                      C. **created**                      D. explained
37. According to paragraph 3, how can text - messaging affect students' writing?  
A. **Students are losing the ability to write long, correct sentences.**  
B. Students no longer use handwriting for their schoolwork  
C. Students are losing their creativity in writing.  
D. Students will lose interest in their school writing.
38. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?  
A. How have Schools Changed Technology?  
B. What can be done to Increase the Quality of Text - messaging?  
C. **What is Text - messaging Doing to Students's Writing?**  
D. How can Teachers Teach Text - messaging?
39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?  
A. **Students should know how to use text - messaging properly for their purposes.**  
B. Text - messaging has been accepted as an official language.  
C. Text - messaging can help students write more correctly.  
D. Students should know how to use standard language in all circumstances.
40. The word "**them**" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. effects                      B. **assignments**                      C. students                      D. people

.....The end.....